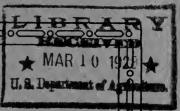
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1928





Oscar S. Witte

"Rose Culturist"

1294 Fillmore Avenue

Buffalo, N. Y.

"THANK YOU"

"I wish to take this opportunity of thanking the many customers and friends who have favored me with their orders in the past and hope for a continuance of their patronage.

Suggestions:

ORDER EARLY—As soon as this catalog reaches you, send in your order. It greatly facilitates shipment if orders are received early. Orders for one or 51 will receive the same careful attention. Shipping season commences in early April.

GUARANTEE-

All stock is guaranteed to be healthy, of high quality, true to name, and reach you in excellent growing condition. If found otherwise stock will be replaced without charge, or money refunded. All claims must be made within 10 days from date of invoice.—It is my policy to communicate with each and every one of my customers during the growing season to ascertain the results obtained by purchasing plants from me. This information is not for advertising purposes but to promote good will between the customer and myself. It is my endeavor to grow and furnish at all times the very best quality of nursery stock possible, at the most reasonable prices.

TERMS-

Cash. A discount of 2 per cent. allowed on orders of \$10 or more accompanied by cash,

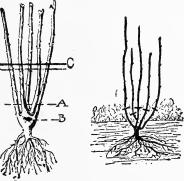
ALL ROSE LOVERS are urged to join the American Rose Society, a society organized to stimulate and conduct rose hybridization and other research work upon rose improvement and in regard to insects and diseases inimical to the rose. Write to Robert Pyle. Secretary, A. R.S.. West Grove, Pa., for further particulare.

ROSE CULTURE

SOIL—All varieties of roses do not thrive equally well in the same kind of soil. Hybrid Perpetuals and the stronger Hybrid Teas do better in a heavy clay loam, and the weaker Hybrid Teas and Teas in a warmer and more sandy loam. One should not be deterred from planting roses if he does not have these conditions or the means of producing them, for roses give satisfactory results on a wide range of soil conditions. More failures occur from a lack of nourishment in the soil than from any other single cause. The ordinary garden soil will grow good roses if well enriched with cow manner or decomposed barn-yard manure.

PROPER DRAINAGE is an essential in rose culture, as the plants will not thrive in excessively wet soil. If the subsoil is impervious and the beds are on sloping ground so that an outlet can be easily arranged, they should be tile-drained; otherwise a six-inch layer of stones, gravel, broken bricks or clinkers should be placed in the bottom of the excavation and on top of this a layer of sods with grass side down. Above this should be at least eighteen inches of good soil.

- A. Shows depth to plant.
- B. Shows where plant was budded.
- C. Shows height of 8
 to 10 inches of
 earth drawn plant
 for winter protection, after which
 the surface should
 be mulched with
 six inches of coarse
 litter or manure.



A Rose properly planted with the roots spread out as they should be. The crossmarks on the stems show where to prune after planting.

LOCATION—The rose bed or garden should be located in a sunny, open place sheltered from sweeping west or north winds. Caution must be used so that the beds are not placed in too close proximity to trees, the roots of which will rob the rose beds of all moisture and plant-food.

CULTIVATION-As soon as the plants are set, the beds should be leveled, care being taken to see whether each plant is set at the proper Throughout the growing season, the soil should be frequently stirred with hoe and rake so as to maintain a mulch of finely pulverized soil over the beds. The soil should never be allowed to bake if a supply of flowers is desired. Plants secure their food from the soil through minute hairline appendages on the roots. All food taken up by the roots is secured in solution and this makes it necessary to keep the soil properly supplied with moisture, through cultivation. Air must be present in the soil or it will be impossible for the root hairs to secure the necessary food for the The air in the soil must mostly come from the surface so it is obvious that it is always necessary to keep the surface in such a condition that it will admit air, through cultivation and deep plowing. Cultivation also goes far in keeping insects and diseases under control. Many insects' eggs and larvae and many disease germs are found in the soil. When the ground is stirred frequently, these are brought to the surface and exposed to the hot sun and many of them are thus destroyed.

Use a fertilizer when it is absolutely necessary, but make sure, first that some cheaper process, such as cultivation, drainage or rotation will not accomplish the same result. The physical condition of the soil in practically every case is more important than the chemical condition, that is, it has a more direct effect upon the plants.

THE CULTURE OF GARDEN ROSES

THE culture of roses is too broad a subject to treat in all its phases in this catalog, but suggestions for growing roses successfully in ardens and home grounds will be given on request. There is no secret in the growing of good roses. The proper location, rich, well drained and well cultivated soil, and safe guarding against fungus and insect pests, will all contribute to the health and vigor of the plants. The varieties described are considered to be of the leading kinds. When properly planted and cared for, they will give perfect satisfaction and will bloom six weeks after planting. The stocks are FIELD GROWN, two and three years old, of HIGH QUALITY. BUDDED on proper stocks, best adapted to their growth. Plants are guaranteed in every respect or money refunded. Unless otherwise stated, prices are 90 cents per plant.

Special Offer, 6 for \$5.00—12 for \$9.00

Hybrid Teas or Everblooming Varieties

(Blooming Season, June Until Late Autumn)

AMALIE DE GREIFE. Lambert, 1912.) Ovoid buds of brick-rose, and large, well-formed, globular flowers of fine substance DAME EDITH HELEN. and petalage, paling as they open to light shell or salmon-pink, deeper in center. Grows well and blooms steadily throughout most of the Foliage is soft and little bothered by disease. A most attractive rose whose unusual color ought to win it a place in all good conjections.

ANGELE PERNET. HT. (Pernet-Ducher, 1924.) Brownish orange blooms of excellent shape, although only semi-double, and the color is retained; some fragrance. Plant is of moderate growth. \$1.25

BETTY UPRICHARD. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1922.) Copper-red buds, epening to semi-double (17 petals) Mowers of above average size. Brilliant orange-carmine on outer surface of petals, showing light salmon reflexes; spicy fragrance. Stronggrowing, persistent blooming and healthy. Price \$1.25.

BRIARCLIFF. New, bright silvery rose, slight golden base, pointed bud. Price \$1.25 each.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS. (H. Dickson, 1919.) Fine, long pointed buds. opening to large, loosely formed flowers of striking crimsonscarlet, slightly fragrant. Strong branching growth and abundance of healthy foliage.

HT. (P. COLUMBIA. Glowing pink. The flowers are large. Said to be free from mildew and spot.

> HT. Dickson & Sons. 1926.) buds and substantial, high-centered blooms ofclear pink. scented and freely produced on long, strong stenis. Vigorous and healthy. \$3.00 each.

> ELDORADO. (Howard & Smith, Golden buds, flushed with red, opening to clear yellow, cupped blooms filled to the center with crinkled petals; sightly fragrant. Erect plant with fairly good foliage, blooming well in early sunimer and Price \$1.25.

> ETOILE DE FRANCE. Vivid crimson with darker shadings. Fragrance and sturdy growth especially recommend it as a garden rose.

> ETOILE DE HOLLANDE, HT. (H. A. Verschuren & Sons, 1919.) Brilliant red blooms of magnificent size, perfect in half-open state, showing clean, attractive centers when fully open; petals enormous; very fragrant. Plants branching, particularly free flowering and healthy. A splendid rose with no serious faults. Color holds remarkably well, becoming lighter instead of bluing. The buds are a little small but open beautifully. Toward fall, the flowers are larger, fuller, and darker

ređ. and easy-growing red rose with anything like good form. In fact we have no hesitation in saying it is the best red rose grown today. \$1.50 each.

FEU JOSEPH LOOYMANS. HT. (P. J Looymans & Co., 1922.) Long pointed buds, resembling those of Sunburst, and large, fairly full flower of yellow, with vivid apricot tints, giving it a brilliant effect in the center. Growth strong, straight and bushy. Recommended abroad for gardening and exhibition purposes. Here the very long, firm buds are brilliant orange-buff, strongly suffused with yellow. The flowers are well-formed, on extremely strong stems; attractive and pleasing when several days old. The foliage is hard, stiff glossy \$1.50 each. green.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. Deep, even red, large very double. A giant in growth, producing long stout canes.

GENERAL Mearthur. A grand orimson scarlet rose. It is a very free-blooming, every shoot producing a beautiful and richly colored bud and flower. The flowers are large, double. Very fragrant.

GOLDEN EMBELM. (S. McGredy & Son, 1917.) Rich, deep golden yellow of good substance mildew resistance. 95 cents each.

GRUSS an TEPLITZ. Scarlet; consantly in bloom. A good border bush.

INDEPENDENCE DAY. HT. (Bees Ltd., 1919.) Flaming yellow buds, heavily shaded with copper and brown, opening quickly to a moderately large flower of 15 to 20 petals which rapidly fades to light orange-Strong, upright, branching pink. Flowers are thin and only medium size, but very freely produced-the bush is almost always covered with buds and bloom. Probably the best of a half-dozen new brilliantly colored varieties of the Mme. Edouard Herriot type. \$1.25 each.

INNOCENCE. (Chaplin Bros., 1921.) large, single, pure white flowers with prominent orange-red The plant makes strong upright growth, and bears dark, mildew - proof foliage. Flowers often 5 inches across when several days old. Most attractive single rose. Price \$1.75.

Easily the most dependable IRISH BEAUTY. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1900.) Cream white with yellow stamens, very fragrant and free flowering. Foliage especially good, excellent growth.

> IRISH ELEGANCE. (A. Dickson & Sons, 1905.) Bronzy pink buds, opening with shades of apricot and yellow. Very strong growth and continually in flower.

> ISOBEL. (S. McGredy & Sons, .) Exquisitely pointed buds flowers with huge petals. 1916.) and carmine - red flushed with orange, becoming pink with age. Fragrant. A floriferous plant, needing plenty of room.

> JOHN RUSSELL. HT. (Dobbie & Co., Ltd., 1924.) Large ovoid buds and immense crimson flowers of the old-time globular type with the famous exhibition center. Plant exceptionally strong and vigorous. Surely it is one of the handsomest red roses, and creates a stir whereever it is seen. Everyone will want it for its splendid color and form. Price \$1.25.



Los Angeles

KAISERINE AUGUSTA VICTORIA.

A standard old sort, producing large, full, globular blooms creamy white, shading sometimes to delicate primrose.

LADY ALICE STANLEY. shaped petals of deep coral ros: outside, interior delicate flesh suffused pink. A persistent and free bloomer.

LADY ASHTOWN. Pale rose shading to yellow at base of petals. Excellent for garden and a profuse bloomer until frost.

LADY HILLINGDON. Deep apricot yellow. Plant relatively hardy, of much vigor and with an autumnblooming habit.

LIEUTENANT CHAURE. Velvety crimson-red, shaded with garnet; flowers large on a vigorous plant.

LOS ANGELES. The growth is very vigorous, and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of petals. The buds are long and pointed. \$1.00 each.

LUXEMBERG. A very fine yellow rose.

MME. BUTTERFLY. (E. G. Hill Co., 1918.) Sport of Ophelia, large flowers. in a brilliant pink, suffused apricott and gold. Fragrant. The plant is free and fine in growth and habit.



Miss Cynthia Forde

MISS CYNTHIA FORDE. Deep brilliant rose pink, shading on the back of petals to light rosy pink.

MISS LOLITA ARMOUR. The flowers are of large size, full double, with petals of great substance and delightfully fragrant. As the flowers expand they become a deep coralred suffusion, the base of the petals a rich golden yellow with coppery red sheen. \$1.00 each.

MME. ABELL CHATENAY. (Pernet-Ducher, 1906.) Light pink blooms, shaded salmon white and carmine, of charming form. One of the most popular of all roses. The flowers are beautiful but rather small.

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT. (Daily Mail). Coral-red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet, passing to shrimp-red. Famous because it won a \$10,000 prize in England, offered by the Daily Mail Newspaper.

MRS. A. R. WADDELL. Scarlet buds, opening to deep reddish saf-fron flowers.

MRS. A. WARD. Yellow, sometimes shaded with salmon and rose. The plant is a good grower and blooms continually. Well recommended.

MRS. F. R. PIERSON. A Sport of Premier. Bud very large, flower very large. Beautiful cardinal red. Gold Medal winner. \$1.25.

MRS. S. K. RINDGE—(Howard & Smith, 1919.) Yellow, suffused with soft pink.

MRS. W. C. EGAN. (Howard & Smith, 1922.) Deep flesh-color, softly contrasted with a lighter shade of soft pink and a golden glow at the base of the petals, slightly fragrant, very vigorous branching plant with an excellent blooming habit. \$1.25 each.

MRS. WEMYSS QUIN. Canary-yellow, shaded with crimson-orange.

OLD GOLD, (S. McGredy & Son. 1913.) Orange buds and buff flowers tinted pink, not quite single, mildly fragrant. Plant of moderate growth. Best in bud form.

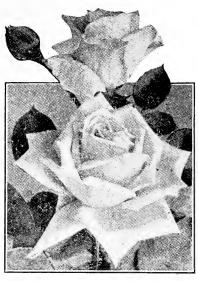
OPHELIA. Its blooms are large in size, full and perfect in form and appearance and of attractive light salmon-flesh coloring shaded to yellow. Well recommended.

PHARISAER. Rosy-white, shadet with salmon. Large and full.

PREMIER. Clear, pure shade of rose-pink. Very fragrant.

RADIANCE. Carmine-pink, yellow at base of petals. The plant is upright and vigorous, and disease resistant.

RED RADIANCE. Dazzling crimson scarlet. Good fall bloomer. A notable and superb rose of American origin. REV. F. PAGE-ROBERTS. (B. R. Cant & Sons, 1921.) Two-toned yellow and apricot, opening deeper yellow; blooms full and large, with a decided fruity scent. \$2.00.



Pharisaer

ROSELANDIA. (W. Stevens, Ltd., 1924) Sport of Golden Ophelia. Flower larger than parent and deeper in color with high-pointed center. Blooms perfect. Fragrant, Price \$1.25.

SILVER COLUMBIA. Sport of Columbia. Same as Columbia only silvery shade. Price \$1.25.

SOUVERNIR de CLAUDIUS PER-NEF. (Pernet-Ducher, 1920). By all means the best yellow rose ever produced in Europe. It was awarded the Bagatelle prize. Its color is a definite and lovely sunflower-yellow, deeping in the center. The plants are of branching habit, with brilliant green foliage and few thorns produced on long stems. \$1.00 each.

SOUV. de GEORGES PERNET. (Pernet-Ducher, 1921.) Very large blooms of Orient-red with cochineal-carmine and yellowish shading, vigorous. \$1.25 each.

THE QUEEN ALEXANDRA ROSE. (S. McGredy & Son, 1918.) Globular, fairly full blooms of medium size, and unusual color—scarlet on inside and yellow on outside of petals, somewhat fragrant. \$1.25 each.

WILHELM KORDES. HT. Kordes Sohne, 1922.) Long, pointed buds and double, high-centered flowers of deep golden salmon. overspread with a tint of copper, and veined with red. Very fragrant and unusually free flowering. Vigorous, compact growth. One of the most marvelously colored roses of recent years-almost any color description would suit it at one time or another, but it is always bright and distinct. The flower also has substance and real beauty of form, a quality rare in roses of this general type. The blooms are a trifle smaller than usual in hot weather but the color holds well. early flowers and those produced in autumn are magnificent. The foliage is strong, leather-like and very resistant to mildew and blackspot. Price \$2.25 each.

WILLOWMERE. Shrimp, pink, shaded yellow and carmine. Always attractive.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

90 Cents Each, \$9.00 Per Dozen, \$70.00 Per Hundred 50 at the Hundred Rate

(June Roses)

ALFRED COLOMB. (Lacharme, 1865.) Strawberry-red, with crimson-carmine reflexes. Full, very free, hardy.

baud, 1871.) Deep velvety crimson. CAPTAIN CHRISTY.
Deliciously fragrant.

Son. Fragrant.

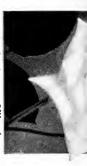
CAPTAIN CHRISTY.
1873.) Plump and he

BARONESS ROTHSCHILD. (Pernet, 1867.) Dainty pale pink is the

color of this superb Rose, large in size and symmetrical in form. Fragrant.

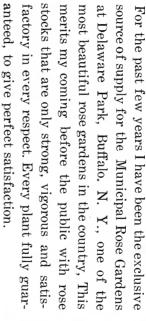
BLACK PRINCE. Very dark crimson. Fragrant.

CAPTAIN CHRISTY. (Lacharme, 1873.) Plump and heavy buds with backward-curling petals, including both light and dark pink colors. Rather dwarf grower.



Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria

THIS BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT ROSE BUSHES FOR ONLY \$9.00 Q.



Souv. de Claudius Pernet



Mme. Edouard Herriot

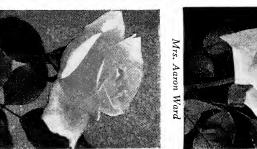


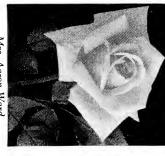
Red Radiance

No. of the last of

All rose lovers are urged to join the American Rose Society.

OSCAR S. WITTE, Local Secretary, 1294 Fillmore Avenue Buffalo, N. Y.

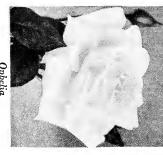




Gruss an Teplitz







Ophelia



Lady Ashtown



Mme. Butterfly



Radiance

Duchess of Wellington

Los Angeles

The Most Popular Dozen American Rose Society Referendum, 1926

white. Good bloomer.

EUGENE FURST. (Soupert and Notting, 1876.) Brilliant crimson flowers with dark purple shadings, sweet-scented. Vigorous grower.



Frau Karl Druschki

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI, (Lambert, 1900.) Most popular Rose in America. Its pure snow-white, unshaded blooms are of immense size. plant grows very strongly.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Bright crimson, very free flowering. Flowers are large and sweet.

GEORGE ARENDS. (Hinner, 1910.) Known as "Pink Druschki." Well shaped, delicate pink buds of pure, even color, opening into large and beautiful flowers.

COQUETTE des BLANCHES. Creamy GLOIRE de CHEDANE-GUINOISS-EAU. Large, full, globular flowers of vermilion-red.

> GLOIRE LYONNAISE, White, tinted yellow, deeper in center, with good fragrance in a large flower.

> HEINRICH MUNCH. (Munch & Haufe, 1911.) Literally immense blooms of soft pink, splendidly formed, borne on vigorous plants inclined to bloom in the autumn. Often sold as Pink Frau Druschki.

HUGH DICKSON. Intense crimson, shaded scarlet, are the large and full flowers of this sweetly rose.

CLARKE. Deep shaded blackish maroon. Strong variety.

LUDWIG MOLLER, (H. Kiese & Co., 1914.) Known as the "Yellow Frau Karl Druschki." Deep yellow blooms of good form, changing to pure white.

MARGARET DICKSON, White, with pale flesh center. Gold Medal Rose. Plant is very vigorous.

MRS. JOHN LAING. (Bennett 1887.) Large blooms of soft, clear pink. Plant is a strong grower.

PAUL NEYRON. (Levet, 1869). The largest rose in commerce individual flowers reaching 6 inches in diameter. Flowers are clear shading to rose color.

RUHM VON STEINFURTH. "Red Frau Karl Druschki" New \$1.25 each.

ULRICH BRUNNER. Large flowers of light red, cup-shaped flowers. Free bloomer.

HARDY RAMBLERS AND CLIMBERS.

80 Cents Each-\$8.00 Per Dozen

ALIDA LOVETT. (Dr. Van Fleet, 1905.) Bright shell-pink flowers of Hybrid Tea size and quality, BESS LOVETT. H. W. (Van Fleet, lightly shaded with sulphur-yellow at base of the petals, faintly perfumed. Plant extra strong, with heavy, thorny canes and perfect foliage.

AMERICAN PILLAR. Large single flowers, cherry pink with cl∈ar white eye. Canes of vigorous growth.

AVIATEUR BLERIOT. Hybrid Wichuraiana, Fauque et Fils, 1910. Clusters, saffron yellow, center

golden vellow. Foliage last quite well.

1905.) Produces many large and fragrant flowers of clear, bright crimson, double, full cupped and of notable lasting quality. One of the best roses grown by the la-mented Dr. Van Fleet, whose hardy climbers are of world-wide reputation.

BLOOMFIELD COURAGE. Thomas, 1925.) Small, dark velvety red flowers, with white centers and prominent vellow stamens, produced in good sized clusters along

the entire branch. Very free flowering habit and very hardy. Vigorous grower, dark green, healthy foliage. \$1.75 each.

CHRISTINE WRIGHT. Cross between Caroline Testout and a Wichuraiana seedling. Placed with Hybrid Tea climbers on account of the fact that its flowers are large and double, borne singly and in clusters, good form, with a perfect bud and good petallage, color is wild rose pink, requires no protection. Blooms best in spring. A few scattering FRAU LINA STRASSHEIM. (Stra.ssflowers in autumn. A very satisfactor; climbing rose. Foliage lasts

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY. Red flowers like bush rose of that

name. Of a very strong habit of growth, producing shoots ten to fifteen feet long in a single season.

DR. HUEY. (Thomas) 1904. Totally different from any other rose in existence. Semi-double flowers of dark crimson-maroon of deepest scarlet. The flowers are large and borne in clusters. Never fades "blue."

DOROTHY PERKINS. Great clusters of pretty double-pink for a long season of the year.

DOCTOR VAN FLEET. This variety shows a mass of beautiful clustered buds, which open out into large, shapely flowers; delicate flesh white. An admirable cutting variety.

EMILY GRAY. (H. W. Williams, 1918.) A very remarkable new climbing rose, semi-double flowers in golden yellow. Deep glossy foriage. Awarded Gold Medal in Price \$1.00 each. Englar i

EVANGELINE. (M H. Walsh, 1906.) Rather large, single flowers with dainty reflexed petals of rosy white, tipped with pink, very fragrant. Clusters very large and abundantly produced by a strong plant, 12 to 15 feet high.

EXCELSA. (M. H. Walsh, 1910.) Double, scarlet-crimson blooms with light streaks and shaded. Clusters very large and produced with utmost profusion. Plant is extraorainarily vigorous but not immune to mildew.

FELICITE ET PERPETUE. Sempervirens (Jacques, 1827). Fairly large, very double roses, fleshwhite in bud but pale cream when open. Cluster flowering. Very vigorous, harly with beautiful, almost evergreen foliage. Graceful and ornamental when out of flower.

FRAULEIN OCTAVIA HESSE. (Hesse, 1910.) Creamy white flowers with yellowish center, fairly large, very well formed, fragrant borne singly or in sparse clusters on long stems. Plane very strong. foliage good, and notably liberal in bloom.

heim, 1907.) Flowers of reddish salmon-pink, in strong well-filled clusters which last well. Upright growth with stiff, vigorous growth.

GARDENIA. (W. A. Manda, 1889.) Yellow buds and creamy-flowers with rich yellow centers, moderately large, well formed, and borne in small sprays. Plant extremely vigorous, hardy in all but the severest climates. Prices 75 cents.

GLOIRE de DIJON. Noted for the great size of its flower, its delicate tea scent and its shade of color, being a creamy buff on the outer petals, tinting orange-yellow toward the center. A strong grower.

GOLDFINCH. Hybrid Polyantha. Pale orange, changing to white, semi-double, trusses. Reported stronger in North than the Hybrid Wichuraianas.

GRUSS an FREUNDORF. (F. Praskac, 1913.) Dark, velvety crimson flowers in immense clusters, rather large, semi-double, with whitish center and bright yellow stamens. Splendid, vigorous growth.

HEART OF GOLD. A Van Fleet hybrid. This rose puts into rose circulation new blood through the rare red Chinese Rosa Moyesi as pollen parent. It is christened "Heart of Gold" by reason of its abundant stamens, showing in the center of a large and beautiful "blackish crimson." Single flowers in which a band of clear white separate the crimson and the gold. The plant is vigorous and slightly as a bush or a pillar rose \$1.25.

IIIAWATHA. Single. Deep intense crimson, shading to snowy white at the base.

LADY GAY, H.W. (M. H. Walsh, 1913.) We consider this variety the same as Dorothy Perkins . 752 cach.

MARY LOVETT. H. W. (Van Fleet, 1915. Broad, large and handsome open flowers, much resembling a Hybrid Perpetual Rose and a pure waxy white; one of the best of the white climbers.

MARY WALLACE. The attractive new climber raised by the late Dr. Van Fleet and first disseminated last year by the American Rose Society. Semi-double, bright clear rose-pink, with salmon base to petals.

MAX GRAF. Cl. Rug. (Bowditch, 1919.) Large single flowers of shining pink, freely produced at its season. Plant is prostrate, and trailing with glossy, wrinkled foli-

MILKY WAY. (M. H. Walsh, 1900.) Pure, waxy white, simple flowers, clustered in overwhelming abundance upon a very vigorous and extremely hardy plant.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER. Vivid scarlet. The flowers of this new rose are semi-double and produced in clusters. The plant being literally covered with flowers from top to bottom. It is strong climbing habit and hardy. Won three gold

medals in England and France. \$1.00 each.

PHILADELPHIA RAMBLER. flowers are double, glowing crimson, of good substance and mildly fragrant. Borne on large clusters. Very attractive.

SILVER MOON. Silver white with yellow stamens, of remarkably strong growth. Very distinct. Extra large.

STAR OF PERSIA. The golden vellow, semi-double flowers are about three inches across and with petals of remarkable substance and firmness. The plant is reported to be hardy and vigorous as a low climber. Price \$1.75 each.

Hybrid TAUSENDSCHON. Polyantha. Soft pink, large clusters, foliage last fairly well. Reported hardier in the North than the Hybrid Wichuraianas.

WEDDING BELLS. H. M. (M. H. Walsh, 1907.) Deep rose pink, semiflowers, borne in large double drooping clusters on a very energetic plant, with strong, downy foliage growing 12 to 15 feet in a season.

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS, Similar to Dorothy Perkins, but white.

POLYANTHA ROSES

75e Cents Each-\$70.00 Per Hundred

Polyanthas are the most truly everblooming of all roses, scarcely ever out of flower during the whole growing season. They are dwarf, bushy plants, and bear small flowers in enormous, many-flowered clusters. They are rapidly gaining in favor and popularity with all who appreciate beauty in minature as well as in its mere imposing aspects.

ANNCHEN MULLER. (J. C. Schmidt, FRAU DR. ERRETH. (Geduldig. 1907). Large clusters of medium- 1915.) Flowers very large for a double deep rose flowers from June until late autumn.

ECILE BRUNNER, (Mme, Ducher. 1881). Bright rose flowers, with yellowish center, borne in clusters, and fragrant.

ELLEN POULSEN. (D. L. Poulsen, Rather large, fairly full flowers of bright rose pink, darker towards the edges and slightly fra-Large compact clusters. borne profusely by a dwarf bushy plant 15 to 18 inches high.

EVELYN THORNTON. N THORNTON. (Bees Ltd., Pinkish yellow buds and 1919.)pale pink and gold flowers, rather large, almost single, borne in immense loose sprays. Lovely appleblossom flowers.

Polyantha, deep golden yellow, becoming white with age, very double, well shaped, and borne in sparse clusters. Moderate, branching growth, healthy and hardy.

(Kluis & Koning, GRETA KLUIS. 1915.) Medium-sized, double flowers of deep pink, passing to carmine-red, slightly fragrant, produced abundantly throughout the season in small bunches on dwarf bushy plants with normal foliage, hardy and dependable.

GRUSS AN AACHEN. (P. Geduldig, 1909). Very large flowers of flesh pink overlaid with creamy yellow and shading to deep pink at the base of broad petals. Plant vigorous and free bloomer.

MAMAN TURBAT. (E. Turbat & Co., 1911.) Small, rounded flowers of China-rose, shading to like, semi-double, long lasting, in large clusters. Plant 12 to 15 inches high, good foliage, very hardy.

MISS EDITH CAVELL. Brilliant scarlet held right through until the flowers drop off. Plant is vigorous

and satisfactory.

ORLEANS. (Levavasseur & Sons, 1910.) Flowers small, fairly double, and brilliant light red with a whitish center. Blooms without cessation in big compact corymbs. Plant is very strong and healthy.

PERLE D'OR. Flowers of yellow. toned orange in the center.

RODHATTE. Bright cherry - red flowers, semi-double.

TIP-TOP. (Lambert, 1909.) A very different variety, producing many buds of refined Hybrid Tea form, tipped with pale or deep rose, the inner petals golden yellow, striped and splashed with pink.

TRIOMPHE ORLEANAIS. (Peauger, 1912.) Bright cherry-red, well-filled flowers, large for the class, produced freely in large trusses. Long lasting and fades very little. Plant strong and erect. 20 to 30 inches high, with glossy, bright green foliage.

YVONNE RABIER. Pure white with yellowish shading at the base of the petals. Probably the best of the white Polyanthas.

Rugosa Roses and Their Hybrids

85c Cents Each, 12 for \$8.50 \$70.00 Per Hundred

All of the Rugosa Roses bloom abundantly in the spring. The plants reach 5 to 8 feet in heighth, and are very hardy. May be planted as specimens in lawns.

ARNOLD. Single blooms of rich, glowing scarlet.

conrad f. MEYER. The flowers are very large, double, and fragrant. Color, silvery rose.

F. J. GROOTENDORST. Flowers are in clusters and of a red carnation color. Blooms from June until frost. \$1.00 each.

HILDENBRANDSECK. (P. Lambert, 1909.) S emi-double, shining-carmine flowers of medium size, borne in clusters on the tip of every shoot

during the season. Very vigorous and very hardy.

ROSERAIE DEL'HAY. (Cochet-Cochet, 1901.) Dark red, double flowers with a strong, most pleasing perfume. Blooms very early in spring and continues throughout the summer. Vigorous and hardy.

ROSA HUGONIS. (Native of Western China.) This Chinese Rose gives us the only dependable yellow rose. The plants grow rapidly, and may reach a height of 6 feet when matured. The long arching branches are closely set with lovely single flowers very early in the season. The blooms are approximately 11/2 inches across, and of clear bright yellow which does not fade. Very hardy. Foliage of light green is very attractive and makes an unusual lawn specimen. Disease resistant. Price \$1.50 each.

RUGOSA ALBA. This is a white form of the native Japanese species. Its blooms often measure 3 inches across, and are produced singly or in clusters. Blooms are followed by brilliant red fruits or heps.

RUGOSA. (Thunberg, 1784.) Large single flowers of soft crepe-like texture, fragrant, and rather fleeting. Color varies through shades of pink, magenta, and rosy crimson. Blooms very early, continuing until autumn. Disease resistant.

SCHNEELICHT. (Geschwindt, 1896.) Dazzling white, fairly large flowers, produced in clusters on a strong, climbing plant with all the other desirable Rugosa characteristics. Very hardy and free flowering.

MOSS ROSES

75 Cents Each. 10 for \$6.50

MOSS ROSES. The flower is surrounded by a mossy excrescence which gives it distinction and beauty. Blooms are exceedingly fragrant, when produced in June.

BARON de WASSENER. Light crimson.

BLANCHE MOREAU. Flowers are large and full, pure snowy white and produced in clusters.

CHAPEAU de NAPOLEAN. A fragrant sort of pale rosy pink.

RED MOSS. Large flowers of clear red and heavily mossed with deep green. **SALET.** (Lacharme, 1854.) Deep, rosy pink; very large and double with a true moss odor.

Lambertiana Roses

75c Cents Each—\$70.09 Per Hundred A class of roses new to this country. Originated by Peter Lambert of Germany. They tend to be climbing roses which bloom more or less frequently during the season.

ARNDT. (P. Lambert, 1913.) Reddish yellow buds and salmon-rose flowers of medium size in large loose clusters. Flowers until fall.

EXCELLENZ VON SCHUBERT. (P. Lambert, 1909. Small double flowers of dark carmine-rose, borne in

dense clusters of 5 to 20 on the tips of every shoot. Vigorous, 4 to 6 feet high. Hardy.

GEHEIMRAT DR. MITTWEG. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Rosy pink flowers with pale yellow centers, borne in large trusses. Growth strong.

KOMMERZIENRAT W. RAUTEN-STRAUCH. (P. Lambert, 1909.) Pure salmon-pink flowers with yellow centers and lighter backs. Growth strong to 8 feet or more.

KORNER. (P. Lambert, 1914.)
Large clusters of reddish buds and double, well-shaped flowers of orange-yellow with salmon tints.
Plant vigorous, up to 10 feet.

Hybrid Sweetbriers, Austrian Brier, Damask, Gallica, Miscellaneous Roses
75 Cents Each—\$70 Per Hundred

AMY ROBSART. Bright rose flowers. Vigorous. ROSA CAROLINA, Linnaeus, (Eastern United States). Bright rose

AUSTRIAN COPPER. (Gerarde, 1596.) Single flowers of intense copper-red, reverse of petals bright golden yellow. Hardy.

GLOIRE DES ROSOMANES, H. CHINA. (Vibert .1825.) Brilliant red flowers with shaggy centers, fragrant and free flowering. Strong, shrubby growth and continuous bloom. Widely known as Ragged Robin. Excellent for hedges.

HARRISON YELLOW. (Harrison, 1830.) Semi-double, bright yellow flowers covering the big bushes early in the season. Very vigorous and hardy. The best yellow for cold climates.

HERMOSA. (Marcheseau, 1840.) Medium-sized, symetrically double flowers of soft pink, borne in sprays on stout healthy plants, always in bloom.

LADY PENZANCE. Bright coppercolored flowers of most brilliant sheen. Growth 5 feet in height.

ROSE BRADWARDINE. Clear rosepink flowers, borne in clusters. ROSA CAROLINA, Linnaeus, (Eastern United States). Bright rose pink flowers borne singly and in clusters on a vigorous shrub. 3 to 6 feet.

POSA DAMASCENA. (Miller.) Double, rose-pink blooms in small corymbs intensely fragrant. Green, very thornly canes. The famous Damask Rose brought from the Orient by the Crusaders and one of the ancestors of the Hybrid Perpetual and Hybrid Tea Roses.

ROSA GALLICA. Linnaeus (Europe and Western Asia). Single, deep pink to crimson flowers, 2 to 3 inches across. Dwarf, erect bush. One of the ancestors of the Hybrid Perpetuals.

ROSA LAEVIGATA. Michaux (China and Formesa). Cherokee Rose. Fragrant, pure white flowers, 2 1-2 to 3 1-2 inches across, borne singly in early summer. Strong, climbing growth. Not hardy in the North.

ROSA ODORATA, Sweet. (Western China.) Large, pale pink flowers, very fragrant, strong growth. The parent of the Tea and Hybrid Tea Roses. Fairly hardy in the North.



